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**FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT**

**LS 6179**

**BILL NUMBER:** HB 1232

**NOTE PREPARED:** Nov 15, 2003

**BILL AMENDED:**

**SUBJECT:** Age Discrimination.

**FIRST AUTHOR:** Rep. Smith V

**FIRST SPONSOR:**

**BILL STATUS:** As Introduced

**FUNDS AFFECTED:** ☒ **GENERAL**  
**DEDICATED**  
☒ **FEDERAL**

**IMPACT:** State & Local

**Summary of Legislation:** This bill transfers jurisdiction over age discrimination proceedings from the Commissioner of Labor to the Civil Rights Commission. The bill prohibits certain actions by an employer, a labor organization, or an employment agency relating to discrimination against an individual at least 40 years of age. The bill provides exemptions.

**Effective Date:** July 1, 2004.

**Explanation of State Expenditures:** *Department of Labor:* This bill transfers jurisdiction over age discrimination proceedings from the Department of Labor to the Indiana Civil Rights Commission. The Department of Labor reports that the majority of age discrimination cases are filed at the federal level. Generally, it is estimated that fewer than ten cases of age discrimination are filed with the state each year. While the transfer may cause a slight reduction in the administrative workload of the Department of Labor, it is not expected to decrease the Department's personnel costs.

*Civil Rights Commission:* Transferring jurisdiction over age discrimination proceedings from the Department of Labor to the Civil Rights Commission could increase the number of age discrimination cases filed at the state level. One reason for an increase is that the Commission would be able to award more reparations than the Department of Labor. If the Commissioner of the Department of Labor finds that an employer has discriminated against an employee because of the employee's age, the only redress available to the Commissioner is to issue a finding of fact. The Civil Rights Commission, on the other hand, can fully investigate discrimination claims, award back wages, and institute administrative changes within an offending entity.

Based on data from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, approximately 1,000 charges are filed at the federal level each year by Indiana residents alleging age discrimination under the federal Age Discrimination in Employment Act. It is not known whether persons choosing to file at the federal level would instead choose to file at the state level if the jurisdiction is changed from the Department of Labor to the Civil Rights Commission.

The Civil Rights Commission reports that transferring the jurisdiction over age discrimination cases from the Department will not require the hiring of additional staff. The bill, however, could increase the Commission's administrative costs. The extent of these costs will depend on the number of cases initiated at the Commission.

Any funds and resources required by the Commission could be supplied through a variety of sources, including: (1) existing resources not currently being used to capacity; (2) funds that, otherwise, would be reverted; or (3) new appropriations. As of September 29, 2003, there were 13 personnel vacancies within the Commission. The Commission reverted \$374,481 in FY 2003. Ultimately, the source of funds and resources required to satisfy the requirements of this bill will depend upon legislative and administrative actions. The bill does not contain an appropriation.

**Explanation of State Revenues:** The federal government may reimburse the state for some age discrimination cases pursued by the Indiana Civil Rights Commission.

**Explanation of Local Expenditures:** The above provision would affect local civil rights entities if it encourage complainants to file at the state level as opposed to the local level. Currently, an age discrimination complainant may file with a local civil rights commission, with the state Department of Labor, or at the federal level.

**Explanation of Local Revenues:**

**State Agencies Affected:** Indiana Civil Rights Commission; Department of Labor.

**Local Agencies Affected:** Local civil rights commissions.

**Information Sources:** Bruce Jefferson, Deputy Director, Indiana Civil Rights Commission; U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Reports Library.

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